Pictures of English Tenses

Level 2
Lower Intermediate

1 The “BIGGER PICTURE”
2 Present Perfect
3 For / Since / Ago
4 Past / Present Perfect
5 Past / Past Continuous
6 Instructions
7 Much / many / a lot
8 Comparative & Superlative
9 1st Conditional
10 Present and Past Passive
11 Describing Things
12 Revision

Featuring the BRAIN-friendly Colours for Tenses

Mark Fletcher / Richard Munns
Introduction

Pictures of English Tenses - Level 2 is designed for teachers with limited preparation time who want to provide lively, motivating language skills lessons to introduce, test or revise the use of tenses.
Contents

Teaching Notes

Pictures (Side A) / Exercises (Side B)

1 Overview of tenses
2 Present Perfect (with ‘just’)
3 For / Since / Ago
4 Past / Present Perfect
5 Past Simple / Continuous
6 Instructions
7 Much / Many / A lot of
8 Comparatives and Superlatives
9 1st Conditional
10 Present & Past Passive
11 Describing things
12 Revision
Using Pictures of English Tenses Level 2

- Photocopy Side A of the page to provide oral practice in the target structure, and Side B to provide written follow up.

- The Teaching Notes on the following pages give you prompt questions to generate the correct structure for each tense, and also example conversations and answers.

Pictures of English Tenses Level 2 extends the idea of linking tenses with a colour. These were introduced in Level 1 as:

- **Present Simple** (Dark Blue)
- **Present Continuous** (Light Blue)
- **Past Simple** (Brown)
- **Future** (Yellow)

In Level 2 we add:

- **Present Perfect** (Green)
- **Past Continuous** (Light Brown)
- **Passives** (Orange)

Use these colours consistently so students quickly become familiar with them.

The names of the characters in the picture drills, reinforce this association.

Students now have a “right hemisphere”, colour based, visual system for identifying tenses. It is easy to make a ‘colour choice’ between, say, Present Perfect and Past. Is it Green or Brown? The teacher can correct by simply holding up the appropriate coloured pen – and the colour prompts the student into self-correction.

The BRAIN friendly* colour code

1. **Present Simple** – Dark Blue
2. **Present Continuous** – Light Blue
3. **Past Simple** – Brown
4. **Past Continuous** – Light Brown
5. **Present Perfect** – Green
6. **Futures** – Yellow
7. **Passives** – Orange
8. **Comparatives / Superlatives** – Red

---

I paint lots of pictures every year.

I'll never paint as well as Picasso!

I was painted by Leonardo in 1503.

I've painted hundreds of pictures.

Last year I painted this picture in Japan.

I'm painting my cat at the moment.

While I was painting this picture it started to rain.

Tomorrow I’m going to paint my dog.

It was painted by Leonardo in 1503.
Unit 1 – Overview

Side A  7.5.11.1.9.2.10.4.6.8.3

Side B

Exercise 1
Because he sold all his fish. It's sold at the harbour. No. He hasn't.
He's selling fish to a lady. No. He has been selling fish since he was a boy.
Because they are going to buy lots of fish. It was sold on the beach.
The little ones are cheaper but the big one is the most delicious.
If he sells the salmon he'll buy her a present. He sells fish.
He was selling shellfish.

Exercise 2
Since I was a boy. Yes. In the old days fish was sold on the beach but now it's sold in the market. Yes. Yesterday one stole my hat while I was selling shellfish. I sold a lot yesterday but I haven't sold much today. I'll buy a surprise present for my wife.
How about a nice salmon?

Unit 2 ‘What’s just happened?’

Exercise 1.
1. Yes. They have. 2. Yes. She has.
3. No. She hasn't. She has been to the swimming pool.
4. Yes they have. 5. No. He hasn't. 6. Yes. They have.
7. Yes. She has. 8. Yes. It has.

Exercise 2.
1. They've broken a window.
2. She's fallen off her skateboard.
3. She's been to the swimming pool. 4. They've robbed the bank. 5. He's caught three.
6. No. They're not. 7. No. She's just woken up. 8. No. He's missed it. It's (just) gone.

Exercise 3.
Where has Gwen been? How many fish has Gordon caught?
What have Greg and Grabber stolen? Is Gordon in time for the bus.

Unit 3 – For / Since / Ago

Exercise 1.
1. They've been married for 25 years. They've lived there since 1992.
2. It arrived a few minutes ago/It's just arrived/It has already arrived.
The Zurich flight hasn't arrived yet.
3. No, because she's already got one/She bought one recently/
She's just bought one. She's had it since last summer.
4. It was built 600 years ago. He's had it since 1980.
He's been smoking for 15 years. 5. They've been there since six pm/for nearly six hours. No. They've already eaten.
6. She started eight years ago/when she was six.
She's been there for eight years/since she was six. No. She's just got a new one.
She bought one recently. Only since two o'clock.

Unit 4 – Past / Present Perfect

Exercise 1.
7.10.5.3
Examples
4. She walked 40 km yesterday.
6. He lived in Hong Kong from 1985-90.
8. She won Wimbledon a long time ago.
9. He has drunk two beers (so far).

Exercise 2.
5.8.9.4.2.1.10.6
TEACHING NOTES

Unit 5 – Past Simple / Continuous
Examples:
2) What were the ladies doing when it started to rain?
   They were playing golf.
   What did they do when it started to rain?
   They went to the clubhouse for a drink.

3) What was the waiter doing when the bulldog bit him?
   He was carrying a tray of drinks.
   What did he do when the dog bit him?
   He dropped it and fell into the fountain.

4) What was the nurse doing when the car crashed?
   She was riding her bike.
   What did she do when the car crashed?
   She stopped and went back to help.

5) What was the farmer doing when he found the vase?
   He was digging in his field.
   What did he do when he found the vase?
   He sold it to a museum/antique dealer.

6) What was the sentry doing when the officer arrived?
   He was reading a girlie magazine.
   What did he do when the officer arrived?
   He stood to attention, saluted, and put out his cigarette.

7) What was she doing when the UFO landed?
   She was picking flowers.
   What did she do when it landed?
   She went on board.

8) What were they doing when the baby started to cry?
   He was reading and she was drying her hair.
   What did they do when the baby started to cry?
   He(!) got up and changed its nappy.

BRAIN-friendly tip:
Show the Past Continuous as a long, wavy Light Brown line interrupted by a Dark Brown (Past) action:
When I saw it (Dark Brown)
I was digging. (Light Brown)

Unit 6 – Instructions
Exercise 1
plug switch take put Press Wait Take
put check empty throw/pour take

Exercise 2
read switch put in/insert choose
move click try check Ask

Exercise 3
Check prepare Put add cook Add Cook put
Bring Stir Heat Put Arrange Add Add Add/Arrange
add pour Sprinkle Put cook

BRAIN-friendly tip:
Collect examples of instructions in English from commercial products. Ask students to check how many of our Unit 6 verbs are included in these ‘real-life’ examples. What other verbs are used? Are they generally useful - or very specialised?
Unit 7 – Much / Many / A lot of

Exercise 1
a) a lot of. many. any
b) a lot of. weren’t. aren’t any
c) is a lot of. isn’t much. isn’t any
d) a lot of. much time. isn’t any time
e) a lot of money. have much. haven’t got any
f) a lot of. weren’t many. there aren’t any

Exercise 2
a) It’ll swim to the island because there are a lot of people there - and there aren’t many in the boat.
b) In 1930 there were a lot of trees and now there aren’t any.
c) No. There isn’t much water in it.
d) Because there’s a lot of time before the next train.
e) He’s foolish. When he has a lot of money, he spends it all very quickly - and then he doesn’t have any money for food!
f) Because there aren’t many (left).

Unit 8 – Comparatives and Superlatives

Exercise 1
For example:
Roger’s house is smaller than Penny’s.
Penny’s house is more modern than Roger’s.
Her car is not as old as his.
His camera takes better pictures than hers.
His dog is friendlier than hers.

Exercise 2
for example:
Penny is the youngest.
Clarissa is the most elegant.
Roger has the most expensive camera.
Sam is carrying the heaviest bag.

Unit 9 – First Conditional

Exercise 1
How long will it take if she goes by bike?
How much will it cost if she goes by boat?
How much will it cost if she goes by car?
How long will it take if she goes by car?
And how long will it take her if she walks?
What will it cost if she hitchhikes?

Exercise 2
For example:
If she goes by car she’ll need a map and lots of petrol.
If she goes by bike she’ll need a new puncture repair kit and a pump.
If she hitchhikes she’ll need a big sign, food - and a book on self defence.
Unit 10 – Present and Past Passive

a) The castle was built in 1157. It was attacked and burned in 1304. In 1992 the ruins were bought for £1m. The castle was rebuilt and was opened as a hotel in 1998. It is used for Conferences and Trade Fairs.
b) The cotton for Jazy shirts is grown in India. It is taken to cotton mills and made into cloth. The cloth is taken to the factory where it is made into shirts. It is sold in Jazy shops all over Europe and America.
c) Last Friday Kanahz was hit by an earthquake. Some people were rescued but over 300 were killed and thousands were injured. Almost all the buildings were damaged. Aid (food, medicine, clothing) was sent to Kanahz by helicopter and truck.
d) The picture was painted by Leonardo in 1502. In 1984 it was sold at auction for £84m. It was bought by the Tokyo Museum of Art and was put on display there. In 1990 it was stolen but yesterday it was found again. Unfortunately it is badly damaged.

Exercise 2
When was the picture painted? When was it stolen? Was it damaged?

Exercise 3
Where is the cotton for JAZY shirts grown?
And where are the shirts made? How are they sold?

Unit 11 – Describing things

a) What’s it called? When was it built? What’s it made of? How high is it?
b) How far is it? How long does it take?
c) What’s in the jar? How big is it? How heavy is it? What size jar is it? What’s on the label?
d) What type/make of car is it? What colour is it? How fast is it? What’s its top speed? How much does it cost? What’s the price? When was it made? How old is it?
e) How long is the pipe? What’s the diameter? What’s it made of? Where was it made?
f) How long is the pool? How deep is it? What’s the temperature?
g) What’s this thing called? What’s it used for?

Unit 12 – Revision

Exercise 1
10.2.11.1.9.4.3.6.8.7.5

Exercise 2
I’ve been flying for three years. If I fly for another two years I’ll become a senior stewardess. I fly for Brain-friendly Airways. Not many planes fly as many passengers as this one. “Put your chair in the upright position and fasten your seat belt.” I’ve flown to a lot of interesting places. Yes. When we were flying to Sydney a passenger proposed to me. No. All our pilots are very experienced. Yes. Next month for example I’m going to fly on the New York route. We’re flying over the Andes.

The correct colours are: a-orange, b-dark green, c-dark blue + yellow, d-dark blue, e-orange, f-light green, g-light brown + dark brown, h-red, i-light blue, j-dark blue, k-yellow

BRAIN-friendly tip:
Use an orange pen, a dark blue pen, and a brown pen to show that all passives have an ‘orange bit’ as their second part. Present-Passive: It is (Blue) taken (Orange). Past Passive: It was (Brown) taken (Orange).

BRAIN-friendly tip:
Play 20 Questions - and also have a bag of ‘surprise items’ for question making practice (even better if students contribute some of the items). Give help so that people don’t get frustrated if they can’t deduce the object.

BRAIN-friendly tip:
Have music playing (gently) in the background as students work on their grammar. Refresh your own memory of the colour code system in the Teachers’ Notes.
Hello. I'm Salty Sam. I sell fish at the harbour.

How quickly can you connect the pictures to the right sentences?

Picture

☐ Here come some tourists. I'm going to sell lots of fish.
☐ I've been selling fish ever since I was a small boy.
☐ Most of the fish is sold in the market.
☐ I sell fish at the harbour.
☐ These are cheaper but this one is the most delicious.
☐ I'm selling her some fish for dinner.
☐ In the old days fish was sold on the beach.
☐ Yesterday I sold a lot but I haven't sold much today.
☐ Recently while I was selling shellfish a seagull stole my hat.
☐ If I sell this beauty I'll buy my wife a present.
☐ Yesterday I sold everything to a restaurant owner.

The “BIGGER PICTURE” – 1A
Exercise 1
Use the Picture page 1A to answer these questions.

Why was Sam very happy yesterday?
....................................................................................

Where is most of the fish sold?
....................................................................................

Has Sam sold much fish today?
....................................................................................

What’s he doing?
....................................................................................

Is selling fish a new job for Sam?
....................................................................................

Why is Sam looking happy?
....................................................................................

How was fish sold in the old days?
....................................................................................

What is the difference between the little fish and the big one?
....................................................................................

Perhaps Sam’s wife will have a nice surprise. Why?
....................................................................................

Sam’s in the pub, but what does he do most of the week?
....................................................................................

What was Sam doing when the seagull took his hat?
....................................................................................

Exercise 2
You are Salty Sam. A tourist has a few questions for you.

Tourist Firstly Sam, how long have you been selling fish?
Sam ....................................................................................

Tourist Have things changed much here since the old days?
Sam ....................................................................................

Tourist There are a lot of seagulls around. Are they a problem?
Sam ....................................................................................

Tourist What’s business like this week?
Sam ....................................................................................

Tourist That’s a magnificent salmon - it’s worth a lot of money. What will you do if you sell it?
Sam ....................................................................................

Tourist And finally, I’d like to buy some fish. What do you recommend?
Sam ....................................................................................
Gaby Green says...

="What's just happened?"

'I've just ....' – 2A
‘I’ve just…’
What’s happened to the Green family?

Exercise 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Picture</th>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Have the Green boys broken the window?</td>
<td>Yes. They have.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Has Gaby Green fallen off her skateboard?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Has Gwen Green been to the shops?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Have Greg and Grabber Green robbed the bank?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Has Gordon Green caught ten fish?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Have George and Gaby Green finished dinner?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Has Greta Green just woken up?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Has the green bus gone?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exercise 2

Use the Picture page 2A to answer these questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Picture</th>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>What have the boys done?</td>
<td>They’ve broken a window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>What’s happened to Gaby?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Where has Gwen been?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>What have Greg and Grabber done?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>How many fish has Gordon caught?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Are George and Gaby going to start dinner?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Is Greta asleep?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Is Gordon in time for the green bus?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exercise 3

You write the questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q</th>
<th>A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Q</td>
<td>She’s been to the swimming pool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q</td>
<td>He’s caught three.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q</td>
<td>They’ve stolen some money.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q</td>
<td>Yes – and now they must do the washing up.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Write the correct sentences under these two pictures.
Underline the sentences in Green.
For / Since / Ago – 3A

1. People thinking about being together for 25 years since 1992.

2. Person at 20:18 for flights from Amsterdam to Zurich.

3. Woman yesterday afternoon last summer.


5. People at school.

6. Person on bicycle at school 2 o'clock Wednesday.
Use **For** or **Since** or **Ago**

(or **Yet** or **Already** or **Just** or **Recently**)

**Exercise 1**

1. How long have they been married? ...........................................................
   How long have they lived in this house? ...................................................

2. I'm meeting someone on the Amsterdam flight.
   Is there a problem? ...................................................................................
   Has the Zürich flight landed? .................................................................

3. Is she's going to buy a new hat?
   How long has she had her dog? ..............................................................

4. Is the castle very old?
   Has he had the car long?
   When did he start smoking?

5. How long have they been in the restaurant?
   Are they about to have dinner?

6. When did she start at the school?
   How many years has she been there?
   Does she need a new bicycle?
   Has it been sunny all day?

**For / Since / Ago / Yet / Already / Just / Recently**

*Some* words belong to the **Brown** (Past) family.

*Others* belong to the **Green** (Present Perfect) family.

**Brown family**

![Brown family](image1)

**Green family**

![Green family](image2)

*Look at your answers to Exercise 1 and underline them in **Green** or **Brown***

*Some can be visitor to both families!*

© Brain friendly Publications · www.brainfriendly.co.uk
Glenda Green says…

“I’ve worked here for three weeks.”

Betty Brown says…

“I worked there for twenty years.”

What has she done / What did she do – 4A
Glenda Green & Betty Brown

Glenda Green is twenty-two years old. She is enjoying her new job. Glenda works in a bank. She has worked there for three weeks.

Betty Brown is in town. She worked for the bank for twenty years. She retired in 1985.

Exercise 1

Write these sentences under the correct picture on the picture page.

a. She has won the tournament.
b. He drank too much.
c. He’s lived in Hong Kong for a long time.
d. He’s walked quite a long way.

And now write sentences under the other four pictures.

Exercise 2

Which pictures connect with these conversations?

‘How long have you lived in Hong Kong?’ Picture ......................
‘Since 1985.’

‘Have you ever won a tennis championship?’ Picture ......................
‘Yes. I won Wimbledon when I was a teenager.’

‘How much have you drunk?’
‘I don’t know. Ask the barmaid.’ Picture ......................

‘How far did you walk?’
‘Too far!’ Picture ......................

‘I worked there for a very long time.’ Picture ......................
‘Did you enjoy it?’

‘Have you been busy today?’ Picture ......................
‘Yes, but it has been very interesting.’

‘How much did you drink?’
‘Too much!’ Picture ......................

‘Have you ever been to Hong Kong?’ Picture ......................
‘Yes. I lived there for several years.’

Underline the conversations in the correct colour s – Green or Brown.
(Sometimes a question may be one colour and the answer a different colour!)
Past / Past Continuous – 5A
Past / Past Continuous

*Picture Vocabulary - you will need these words to talk about the pictures*

1 a thief to rob (someone or a place) to steal(something) a safe jewels
2 club house 3 bulldog tray to bite
4 a nurse to crash 5 to dig vase
6 sentry sentry box to salute to stand to attention
7 to land to pick UFO/flying saucer 8 to cry

**Exercise 1**

*Complete the conversations. For example:*

1 What was the thief doing when the policeman arrived?
   He was stealing the jewels.
   What did he do when the policeman arrived?
   He jumped out of the window/ran away/hit the policeman.

2 What were the ladies doing when it .........................................?
   They..............................................................................................
   What did they do .......................................................................?
   They .............................................................................................

**Exercise 2**

*Write 4-line conversations for the other six pictures.*

3 .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................

4 .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................

5 .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................

6 .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................

7 .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................

8 .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................
   .............................................................................................

*Use Dark Brown to underline the Simple Past and Light Brown for the Past Continuous.*
Picture of English Tenses Level 2

Loading a Computer Game

Making Lasagne

Using your new Toaster

Problem?

3 - 4 MINS

www.IELTS4U.blogfa.com
Instructions

Use these verbs to complete the three instructions. You will need some of the verbs more than once.

- check
- connect
- plug
- prepare
- switch
- take
- insert
- put
- add
- choose
- press
- move
- wait
- cook
- click
- bring
- empty
- stir
- try
- heat
- place/arrange
- throw
- pour
- sprinkle
- read
- turn
- ask

Exercise 1 – Using your new Toaster

To make the toaster work, ......... it in and ......... it on. Cut a piece of of bread ( or ......... a slice from the packet) and ......... it into the toaster. ......... down the ‘toaster bar’. ......... a few minutes until the toast pops up. ......... it out and ......... it on a plate. If there is a problem and the toaster doesn’t work, ......... that it properly plugged in and switched on. You may need to ......... the crumb tray. Warning: Under no circumstances ......... water on the toaster! If there is a major problem, ......... it to an electrical repair shop.

Exercise 2 – Loading a Computer Game

Before you start, ......... the instructions!

.......... on the computer and ......... in / ......... the C.D.Rom. When you see the menu on the screen, ......... the game you want. (.......... the cursor on the screen with the mouse and when it is in the right place, ......... on the mouse.) If the programme doesn't run first time, then ......... again. If it still doesn’t work ......... that the mouse is properly connected to the keyboard and that the keyboard is properly connected to the computer.

If it still doesn’t work? ......... for help!

Exercise 3 – Making Lasagne

.......... that you have all the ingredients. ......... the vegetables (wash them and cut them up). ......... the oil in a pan, ......... the minced beef and onion and ......... for 6-8 minutes stirring occasionally. ......... the mushrooms, tomatoes, tomato puree, herbs and seasoning. ......... for ten minutes. To make the white sauce, ......... the butter, flour and milk into a saucepan. ......... gently to the boil over a moderate heat. ......... continuously until smooth. ......... the oven to 180 Deg C. ......... a quarter of the meat sauce in the base of an ovenproof dish. ......... half of the lasagne sheets on top. ......... more meat sauce and half of the white sauce. ......... the remaining lasagne sheets. Then ......... the remaining meat sauce and ......... the rest of the white sauce over it. ......... the grated cheese on top. ......... the dish into the preheated oven and ......... for 50-60 minutes.

(Serves 4- 6)

Exercise 4

Look at the picture instructions again (Side A).

Explain one of the tasks to your neighbour.

Use ‘First’, ‘After that’, ‘Next’, ‘You should...’, ‘Remember to ...

Choose the description you like best and underline all the instruction verbs in Dark Blue.
A lot of | much (or many) | any

a. [Image of people climbing a hill and a boat on the water]

b. [Images of North Thames Reservoir, 1930, 1950, and Now]

c. [Images of a person walking and a man holding a hat]

d. [Image of a train schedule with Next Train at 16:40 and a person running]

e. [Images of a restaurant and a person with a hot dog]

f. [Images of cakes at 3pm, 4pm, and 5pm]
Much / Many / A lot of

Exercise 1

Look at the picture page 7A and make sentences.

a) There are .......................................... people on the island.
   There aren’t................................. in the boat.
   There aren’t................................. in the sea.

b) In 1930 there were ......................... trees here.
   In 1950 there ......................... many.
   Now, there .................................

c) There ........................................ water in the reservoir.
   There ........................................ water in the bucket.
   There ........................................ water in the bottle.

d) They’ve got ..................................... time before the next train.
   She hasn’t got ................................ before the shop closes.
   There ........................................ to deliver the message.

e) On pay day I had .........................
   Next day I didn’t ......................... money.
   Today I ........................................

f) There were ..................................... cakes in the shop at 3 pm.
   By 4 pm there ................................
   And now ........................................

Exercise 2

Use the pictures to answer the questions.

The sea monster is very hungry - and its favourite food is people!

Will it swim to the island or to the boat - and why?

What’s the difference between 1930 and now?

Is the bucket full now?

The travellers at the station have decided to go for a walk. Why?

What is the young man’s life style? Does he use his money wisely?

You want to buy cakes. It’s 4pm. You must hurry. Why?

Look at your answers to Exercise 2.
Underline Much / Many / Any / A lot of in Red.
Comparatives and Superlatives

Exercise 1

Let’s compare two people, Roger and Clarissa.
Roger is **shorter than** Clarissa.
Her nose is **longer than** Roger’s (and more pointed).
Her home is **more expensive than** his.
Roger’s dog isn’t **as big as** Clarissa’s.

Now compare Penny and Sam. Write 5 things about them.

..................................................................................
..................................................................................
..................................................................................
..................................................................................
..................................................................................

Exercise 2

Looking at all **four** people. Is it true? false? not sure? that...
Roger has **the most** children. Sam lives in **the oldest** house.
Penny has **the most intelligent** dog.
Write 6 more things about them.

..................................................................................
..................................................................................
..................................................................................
..................................................................................
..................................................................................

Red is our colour for comparing things. Choose 5 of your answers on this page and underline them in **Red**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2 things</th>
<th>more than 2 things</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>thinner than</td>
<td>the thinnest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>not as thin as</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>more expensive than</td>
<td>the most expensive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>not as expensive as</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>friendlier than</td>
<td>the friendliest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/ more friendly than</td>
<td>/ the most friendly</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Granny wants to go to Scotland for a holiday . . .

There are many different ways she can go there . . .

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1 Hour</th>
<th>£80</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 Days</td>
<td>£140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 Hours</td>
<td>£40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Weeks</td>
<td>£17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Months</td>
<td>2 Pairs of New Shoes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-3 Days</td>
<td>£0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Exercise 1
Granny wants to go to Scotland for a holiday. There are many different ways she can go.
If she goes by plane it will take one hour and it will cost £80.

How much will it cost if she goes by boat?
How long will it take if she goes by boat?
You are talking to a Travel Agent. Complete the conversation.

You ..............................................................................
Agent It’ll take five weeks I think.
You ..............................................................................
Agent It’ll cost £140.
You ..............................................................................
Agent About £40 for petrol.
You ..............................................................................
Agent If she drives fast? It’ll take about twelve hours.
You ..............................................................................
Agent It’s a long way... I think it’ll take her about six months.
You ..............................................................................
Agent It won’t cost anything if she hitchhikes.

Exercise 2

She’ll need an airline ticket if she goes by plane.
What will she need if she goes a different way?

If she goes by ..............................................................................
...........................................................................................................
...........................................................................................................
...........................................................................................................

The 1st Conditional consists of an IF + Present (Blue) part, and a Future (Yellow) part. Use Blue and Yellow to underline 5 good examples of this.
Present and Past Passive

Exercise 1
*Use the following verbs to tell the four stories on side A in the Passive.*
You will need some of the verbs more than once.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>paint</th>
<th>hit</th>
<th>grow</th>
<th>build</th>
<th>take</th>
<th>sell</th>
<th>make (into)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>buy</td>
<td>attack</td>
<td>make</td>
<td>kill</td>
<td>burn</td>
<td>rescue</td>
<td>find</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>send</td>
<td>damage</td>
<td>put</td>
<td>use (for)</td>
<td>steal</td>
<td>destroy</td>
<td>open</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) The castle *was built* in 1157. It ......................... and *was burned* in 1304.
In 1992 the ruins ................... for £1m.
The castle ....................... and ....................... as an hotel in 1998.
These days it ....................... for Conferences and Trade Fairs.

Now continue with the later stories.

Exercise 2
*You are interviewing the Director of the Tokyo Museum of Art.*

You ............................................................
Director In 1502 - by Leonardo da Vinci.
You ............................................................
Director One night in 1990.
You ............................................................
Director It was damaged when it was cut out of the frame.
I’m not sure if it can be repaired.

Exercise 3
*You are interviewing the owner of the JAZY shirt company.*

You ............................................................
Director The cotton we use is grown in India.
You ............................................................
Director The shirts are made in our textile factories.
You ............................................................
Director They are sold in our retail branches
- over a thousand of them - all over the world.

Exercise 4
*You are a survivor of the earthquake at Kanahz. Describe what happened.*

Orange is our colour for all Passives. Look at Exercises 1 - 3 and underline examples.
Describing Things

Use the Picture page 7A to complete the questions.

a) What's the name of the castle? It's Dover Castle.
   What's it ................................? It's called Dover Castle.
   When ..................................? It was built in 1068.
   What's it ........................... of? It's made of stone.
   ......................... is it? It's 30m high.

b) How.................. is it from Paris to Moscow? It's 6440 km
   How.................. does it take? It takes 6 hrs

c) What's ...... the jar? Orange marmalade
   How ...... is the jar? It's 450 grammes
   How ...... is it? There's a picture of a hand and an orange on the label.
   What ...... jar is it?

\[ \text{d) What ............ of car is it? It's a Toyota.}
   What ............ is it? It's red.
   How ............ is it? 200 kph.
   What's its top ............ ? It costs 13,000 Euros.
   How ............? The price is 13,000 Euros.
   When ............ it ............ ? It was made in 1998.
   How old.............?

\[ \text{e) How ............ is the pipe? It's 14m long.}
   What's ............ ? The diameter is 5.5m.
   Where ............? It was made in Korea.

f) How ............ is the pool? It's 25m long.
   How ............ is it? It's 2m deep.
   What's ............ ? The temperature is 21deg C.

\[ \text{g) What's this thing ...........? It's called a 'corkscrew'.}
   What's it ............ ....? It's used for opening bottles.

© Brain friendly Publications · www.brainfriendly.co.uk
Hello I'm Adriana.

Istambul

Mexico City

I'm Athletic.
Adriana - The Air Stewardess

Exercise 1

Connect the sentences with the correct picture from Side A.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Picture</th>
<th>Picture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a (plane)</td>
<td>a (Aviation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b (avocados)</td>
<td>b (Avocado)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c (professor)</td>
<td>c (Professor)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d (television)</td>
<td>d (Television)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e (cartoon)</td>
<td>e (Cartoon)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f (children)</td>
<td>f (Children)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g (students)</td>
<td>g (Students)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h (books)</td>
<td>h (Books)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i (library)</td>
<td>i (Library)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>j (desk)</td>
<td>j (Desk)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k (teacher)</td>
<td>k (Teacher)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exercise 2

An onboard interview with Adriana.

Adriana, can you tell me how long you’ve been flying?

Is there a chance you’ll get promotion?

Which airline do you work for?

This jumbo is massive. How typical is it?

What do you say to passengers before landing?

What’s the best thing about the job so far?

Have you had any funny, or dangerous, experiences?

Do you worry about safety in bad weather?

Do you know your routes well in advance?

Oh, by the way Adriana. Where are we now?

Underline the sentences in Exercise 1 in their correct colours.
Pictures of English Tenses

Level 2

Lower Intermediate

Grammar for all ages at Lower Intermediate / Intermediate level

12 units with clear illustrations for oral practice

Written follow up exercises for consolidation

Brilliantly simple colour coding system to differentiate tenses

Gives lots of class / pair / individual practice

Photocopiable

Brain Friendly Publications
Pennypot Industrial Estate
Hythe, Kent CT21 6PE, England
Telephone / Fax: (44) 1303 238880
Website: www.brainfriendly.co.uk

ISBN 1-898295-52-2